# PERFORMER CUB mobile carpet cleaner BRIDGEPOINT SYSTEM IV 

OPERATION \& SERVICE MANUAL

## PROCHEM

Welcome -and congratulations on your purchase of the PERFORMER CUB Cleaning Unit. This instruction manual has been designed as a guide for operating and servicing the PROCHEM CUB Cleaning Unit.

The PERFORMER CUB, in addition to being a superior entry level carpet cleaner, also can be used for upholstery cleaning and light high pressure washing applications.

In addition to these features and benefits, this unit offers you personal convenience. All of your instrumentation and controls have been positioned for easy access to the operator and easy maintenance.

Proper operation and service are essential to the efficient functioning of the unit. When maintained correctly the unit will have a long, trouble free life.

The headings: CAUTION, WARNING or NOTE are used to warn you of steps which must be taken to prevent DAMAGE to the unit and/or personal injury. Make certain that you read these instructions entirely before proceeding with the operation of this unit.

The service methods described in this manual are explained in such a manner that servicing may be performed accurately and safely. Proper service varies with the choice of procedure, the skill of the mechanic, and the tools and parts available. Any questions pertaining to operating or servicing this unit should be directed to your nearest PROCHEM dealer.

This operation and service manual is written specifically for the PROCHEM "PERFORMER" CUB CLEANING UNIT which is manufactured by:

## PROFESSIONAL CHEMICALS CORPORATION

325 SOUTH PRICE ROAD
CHANDLER, ARIZONA 85224.

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PROCHEM warrants your machine to be free of defects in material and workmanship. This warranty shall extend to the designated parts for the specific time period listed from the date of delivery to the user. If PROCHEM receives notice of such defects during the warranty period, PROCHEM will either, at it's option, repair or replace products which prove to be defective.

| Gasoline Engine (thru manufacturer or local dealer) | 2 years |
| :---: | :---: |
| Vacuum Pump (thru manufacturer or local dealer) | 2 years |
| Engine Heat Exchanger | 1 year |
| Water Pump | 2 years |
| Waste Pump | 1 year |
| Wands (Except shut off valve and orifices) | 1 year |
| Waste \& Water Tanks | 1 year |
| Pressure Regulator | 1 year |
| All other components | 6 months |
| Battery (thru Interstate dealer only) pro-rated | months |

Disposable filters, electrical components, belts, fittings, hoses, o-rings, and other maintenance items are not under warranty.

This warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from improper installation or operation; inadequate maintenance by the customer; unauthorized modification; or misuse; or a unit which is improperly repaired.

To obtain warranty service, products must be returned to a service facility designated by PROCHEM. Customer shall prepay shipping charges for products returned to PROCHEM for warranty service and PROCHEM shall pay for return of the products to customer.

PROCHEM makes no other warranty, either expressed or implied, with respect to this product. PROCHEM disclaims the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. Any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness is limited to the specific duration of this limited warranty.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which may vary from state to state, or province to province.

The remedies provided herein are the customer's sole and exclusive remedies. In no event shall PROCHEM be liable for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages, whether based on contract, tort, or any other legal theory.

Your PROCHEM unit is designed to give you years of reliable service. However, if a problem should arise after the warranty period, follow the troubleshooting procedures in the Operation and Service Manual. If you are still unable to determine the cause and solution to the problem, contact your nearest PROCHEM Service Center for details of the services available.

## SPECIFICATIONS

| VAC PUMP | 160 CFM @ 8"Hg <br> 140 CFM @ 14"Hg |
| :---: | :---: |
| WATER PUMP RPM | 1550 RPM |
| WATER FLOW RATE | 2.2 GPM (max) |
| ENGINE SPEED (with 150 ft vac hose and water pump on) | 3000 RPM |
| WATER PUMP PRESSURE | 1000 PSI |
| WASTE TANK CAPACITY | 52 Gailons |
| WASTE TANK/ENGINE SHUT-OFF ACTIVATION POINT | appx. 44 gal |
| CONSOLE WEIGHT | appx. 442 lbs |
| CONSOLE W/WASTE TANK WEIGHT | appx. 480 lbs |

## PERFORMER CUB OPERATION AND SERVICE MANUAL

## 1 RECEIVING AND INSTALLING

This chapter of the operators manual contains information on receiving, preparing and installing the Performer Cub.

GENERAL: This operation and service manual is written specifically for the PROCHEM PERFORMER CUB CARPET CLEANER, manufactured by PROFESSIONAL CHEMICALS CORPORATION.

DEALER RESPONSIBILITY: The PROCHEM deaier from whom you purchased this mobile cleaning unit is responsible for supervising the correct installation of the machine and for initial training of your operators and maintenance personnel in the proper operation and maintenance of this unit. Make certain that you receive these instructions.

ACCEPTANCE OF SHIPMENT: Every part of your PERFORMER CUB Carpet Cleaning unit was carefully checked, tested, and inspected, before it left our manufacturing plant. Upon receiving the unit, make the following acceptance check:

1. The unit should not show any outward signs of damage. If any damage is found, notify the CARRIER IMMEDIATELY.
2. Check your equipment and packing list. The standard PERFORMER CUB unit should arrive equipped with the following items (unless otherwise specified) as well as any extra accessories which were ordered:
A) Performer Cub console. J) Installation bolt kit
B) Waste tank. K) Waste tank drain valve.
C) Waste tank filter. L) Waste tank drain hose.
D) Carpet Wand.
M) Gas line tee w/hoses
E) 100 ft , of $1 / 4$ I.D. pressure hose.
N) Clamps for drain and gas hoses.
F) 100 ft ., of $2^{\prime \prime}$ vacuum hose.
0) Waste tank dump valve
P) Operation \& Service Manuals
G) Vacuum hose connector.
H) 50 ft water hose
1) Convenience outlet hose.

FUEL REQUIREMENTS: We recommend the use of clean, fresh, unleaded gasoline intended for automotive use. DO NOT MIX OIL WITH GASOLINE. Leaded gasoline may be used if lead--free is not available. 77 Octane minimum is recommended. Using an unleaded gasoline will result in fewer combustion deposits and longer valve life.

NOTE; The use of gasoline which contains alcohol, such as gasohol, is NOT recommended. If, however, gasoline with alcohol is used, it MUST NOT contain more than 10 percent ethanol and MUST be removed from the engine during storage. DO NOT use gasoline containing Methanol.

For additional information see "Storage Instructions" in the Briggs and Stratton Operation and Maintenance Manual which has been provided.

OIL REQUIREMENTS: We recommend using Briggs and Stratton 10W/30 high quality detergent oil ( $B$ \& S \#272001) or 30 weight ( $B$ \& S \#100005). If these are not available, use a high quality detergent oil classified "for service SF, SE, SD or SC". No Special additives should be used with recommended oils. For additional information see page 2 of the Briggs and Stratton Operation and Maintenance Manual which has been provided.

WATER REQUIREMENTS: If you are operating this unit in an area where the unit will be using water in which the hardness exceeds five (5) grains ( 85 parts per million), a suitable water softener should be installed. The PROCHEM PERFORMER CUB at full pump output, requires 130 gallons per hour at 20 to 90 PSI. A water supply hose capable of delivering this volume at the above pressure is required.

CHEMICAL REQUIREMENTS: The PROCHEM PERFORMER CUB, due to its chemical injection pump design, can be used with a variety of chemical compounds, (either acid or alkaline), depending on the job to be done. However, to obtain optimal results with this unit, we recommend using the PROCHEM line of chemicals. For information on the Chemicals PROCHEM can provide for your cleaning operation, consult your PROCHEM manual or contact your nearest PROCHEM dealer.

INSTALLATION: Prior to starting the installation, FIRST read the ENTIRE "Installation Section" of this manual. The following recommendations should be considered BEFORE installing this unit.
A. The unit should not be mounted in any motor vehicle of less than $1 / 2$ ton capacity.
B. If mounting in a trailer, make certain that the trailer is rated for the total weight of the unit AND trailer. Electric or hydraulic brakes should be provided, and a strict compliance of any State or Federal vehicle laws MUST be maintained.
C. The vehicle tires should have a load rating above the combined vehicle and unit weight.
D. If a wooden floor between the vehicle's floor and the unit is desired, we recommend using $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ thick MARINE plywood.
E. If using a trailer, the PERFORMER CUB console should be positioned in order that it balances properly with respect to the axle.

## WARNING:

DO NOT INSTALL THE PERFORMER CUB IN ANY MOTOR VEHICLE WHICH REQUIRES HIGH OCTANE GASOLINE. The CUB engine is designed to use regular gasoline (regular or unleaded). HIGH OCTANE GASOLINE WILL DAMAGE THE ENGINE.

## 1. LIFTING THE UNIT ON THE VEHICLE:

We recommend using a fork lift to lift the unit onto the vehicle. Position the forks under the unit from the front, making CERTAIN that the forks are spread to the width of the base.

## 2. POSITIONING THE UNIT IN VEHICLE:

Because vehicles vary in size and openings, individuals have their own preferences as to where they want their units installed. We do not recommend any specific location for the PERFORMER CUB CARPET CLEANER. However, we do STRONGLY advise that enough space is provided to assure ample room for service and maintenance. In addition, the unit should be positioned in such a manner that mounting does not interfere with or endanger any vital components on the vehicle.

NOTE: For individuals who wish to make an engineering layout prior to positioning the unit, refer to page 4 , figure 1 , for console and waste tank dimensions.

DIMENSIONAL DATA (figure 1)


MOUNTING PLATE INSTALLATION (figure 2)


## 3. BOLTING DOWN THE UNIT AND WASTE TANK:

Once the unit and waste tank are positioned in the vehicle in the desired location, you may proceed. NOTE: When positioning the waste tank with respect to the console, hook up the vacuum hose and any other hoses which may connect the console and waste tank, This will ensure that the waste tank is positioned correctly.

CAUTION: Before drilling any mounting holes in the vehicle floor, make certain that when drilling, you will not do any damage to the gas tank, gas lines, or any vital component which might effect the operation or safety of the vehicle.
A. Using the console and waste tank mounting holes as a template, drill four $7 / 16^{11}$ diameter holes for mounting the console and four more $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ diameter holes for mounting the waste tank.
B. Using the installation hardware kit:
a) Insert four $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ hex head cap screws through the mounting holes in the PERFORMER CUB console, and four more $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ hex head cap screws through the mounting holes in the waste tank.
b) Install the mounting plates underneath the vehicle fioor. (Refer to page 4, figure 2 ,).
c) Screw the $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ hex head lock nuts on the mounting screws and tighten them until the console and the waste tank are firmly secured.

## 4. INSTALLING GAS LINE TO THE UNIT, (MOTOR VEHICLE):

CAUTION: On the motor vehicle, the gas tank must be DRAINED before proceeding. This will prevent the spilling of an excessive amount of gasoline when cutting the vehicle gas line.
A. Select a location on the vehicle floor to drill a hole for the gas line from the vehicle tank to the unit.

NOTE: This location should be situated in a position that eliminates the possibility of gas line contact by either the operator(s) or accessories during the working hours or maintenance periods. We supply steel braid fuel hose. Make certain that the hose will reach the location you choose.

CAUTION: BEFORE DRILLING the gas line hole in the vehicle floor, make certain when drilling you will not do any damage to the gas tank(s), gas lines, brake lines, or any other vital component which might effect the operation or safety of the vehicle.
B. Drill a $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}(.625)$ diameter hole through the vehicle floor.
C. Install the $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ bulkhead adaptor by inserting the adaptor and tightening the nut from the opposite side of the van floor.
D. Connect one of the fittings to the bulkhead connector. Choose the fitting which routes the fuel line hose in a suitable manner.

CAUTION: Before cutting the vehicle gas line, take precautions to catch or contain the gas in the lines after cutting, WITHOUT causing DAMAGE to the gas lines.

NOTE: The location for cutting the gas lines varies, depending on the manufacturer and year of the vehicle this unit is being installed in. This manual contains instructions for cutting the fuel lines on the FORD and CHEVROLET fuelinjected vehicles. If you have another type of vehicle or are in need of further instructions, contact the PROCHEM distributor from whom you purchased this unit.
E. Connect the stainless steel fuel hose from the fuel solenoid near the front of the console to the bulkhead connector fitting.
F. Locate the appropriate gas line in the correct location in the FORD vehicle, cut the main line just behind the gas reservoir. If the FORD vehicle has duel tanks, locate the cut in the front of the forward tank behind the fuel reservoir. In the CHEVROLET vehicle, there are 3 gas lines. (small, medium, and large). The bypass gas line is the medium-sized line. Cut the bypass line toward the rear near where the lines curve across the center of the vehicle.

Proceed as follows:
a) Cut the vehicle gas line.
b) Install proper gas line "tee" with the appropriate fittings where gas line was cut. The FORD vehicle will use the small barb fittings which have been provided. The CHEVROLET vehicle will use the compression tube fitting "tee" which has been provided.
c) If small barb fittings are used, tighten the hose clamps on the vehicle gas line.

CAUTION: When routing the gas line from the line "tee" to the bulkhead connector, take precautions to prevent contact with any vehicle moving parts.
d) Using the appropriate combination of fitting(s) and fuel hose, connect the gas line "tee" to the bulkhead connector.

## 5. INSTALLING THE GAS TANK AND GAS LINE (TRAILER):

For TRAILER installations we recommend the following.
A. Strict compliance of any Federal or State law must be maintained.
B. Provide a SAFE gas tank which is manufactured specifically for gasoline, has a proper filling cap, and an outlet connection that is the same size as the inlet connection on the unit.
C. DO NOT MOUNT THE GAS TANK INSIDE THE TRAILER WITH THE UNIT.
D. Mount the gas tank where it will be protected from any vehicle collision.
E. When installing the gas line from the tank to the unit, use the proper size gas line.
6. INSTALLING WASTE TANK TO THE UNIT:

Maintain the proper distance between the console and the waste tank when positioning the components in the vehicle. Do not reverse the hoses when reattaching them to the waste tank.

## 7. INSTALLING WASTE TANK DRAIN VALVE:

The drain valve may be installed directly on the waste tank with a flexible hose. If you prefer, it may be installed on the end of a lower flexible hose, in which case a $2^{\prime \prime}$ I.D. flexible heavy duty hose is required.
8. BATTERY PREPARATION: For units which have been shipped with a "dry" battery.

To make battery ready for use, proceed as follows:
A. Remove the battery from the unit. Read ALL CAUTIONS on the battery.
B. Obtain battery electrolyte from a local auto parts supply. Proper quantity can be assured by giving the battery make and number to the electrolyte supplier.
C. Read ALL CAUTIONS on the electrolyte you have purchased.
D. Remove all six caps on the top of the battery and, while observing ALL safety precautions, pour electrolyte into each of the battery cells until the plates are covered.
E. Replace the caps on the battery and re-install the battery on the unit.

## 9. FIRE EXTINGUISHER:

We recommend that a fire extinguisher, preferably rated for $A, B, \& C$ type fires, be installed inside the vehicle.

## 2 SYSTEMS

This chapter of the operators manual divides the unit up into systems and explains how each system works. Before proceeding into the operational and maintenance sections of this manual, we recommend acquiring a basic knowledge of how this unit functions, therefore, read the following section of this manual carefully and completely.

## 1. WATER PUMPING SYSTEM: (See figure 3, page 10)

Cold water enters the console through the water inlet connection at the front of the unit. The water then flows through a float valve into the water box. The float valve ensures that water flows into the system only when it is needed. Next the water flows into the water pump. The water pump has a pulsation damper and a pressure regulator. The pulsation damper is a nitrogen-charged accumulator which reduces pressure fluctuations. The pressure regulator is a safety device which bypasses water back to the water box if it should exceed the desired pressure. The water pump then pumps the pressurized water into the exhaust heat exchanger which raises the temperature. On the check valve itself is a tee which allows water to constantly re-circulate through the heat exchanger and become continually hotter, unless the temperature solenoid valve is open. On the outlet side of the heat exchanger piping is a temperature sensor which is attached to a temperature solenoid valve. If the water temperature exceeds 240 degrees, the solenoid valve will open, allowing hot water to be released into the vacuum inlet tube and cold water to flow into the outlet piping. This valve will close when the temperature drops down to 195 degrees. From the heat exchanger the hot pressurized water fiows through a check valve to a tee where the chemical is injected. The check valve prevents separately pumped chemicals from reaching the water pump. The solution then flows through a $Y$-strainer, which filters debris, to the solution outlet at the front of the console.

WATER PUMPING SYSTEM (figure 3)


## 2. CHEMICAL PUMPING SYSTEM: (See figure 4)

The chemical is sucked through a strainer from the chemical container to the flowmeter. The flowmeter indicates the rate of chemical flow. The chemical then flows through an inlet check valve into the chemical pump. The chemical pump then injects the chemical through an outlet check valve to the 3-way valve on the instrument panel. This valve turns the chemical flow on or off and primes the chemical pump as well. Next, the chemical flows to the solution outlet piping. The knob on the flowmeter controls the rate of chemical flow into the cleaning solution.

CHEMICAL PUMPING SYSTEM (figure 4)


## 3. VACUUM SYSTEM: (See figure 5)

Vacuum flow begins at the cleaning tool, with a mixture of air and spent chemicals being sucked into the vacuum inlet at the front of the console. This mixture then flows into the waste tank where larger particles are removed by a strainer basket. The fluid and smaller waste particles are deposited in the waste tank. A level sensor switch has been provided to automatically shut the unit down before it overfills past it's capacity. This prevents moisture from being sucked into the vacuum pump. Next, air flows through an additional filter, which removes smaller particles, to the vacuum pump. On the vacuum pump is a relief valve which releases air into the system if the vacuum exceeds $15^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Hg}$. The air is then discharged from the vacuum pump through a silencer into the atmosphere.

VACUUM SYSTEM (figure 5)


## 3. HEAT TRANSFER SYSTEM: (See figure 6)

Heat transfer begins with the hot exhaust from the engine which flows through a stainless steel tube into the heat exchanger. Pressurized water from the water pump flows through a coil inside the heat exchanger where heat is absorbed from the engine exhaust. On the outlet side of the heat exchanger is a temperature sensor which is attached to a temperature solenoid valve. If the water temperature exceeds 240 degrees the solenoid valve will open, allowing hot water to be released into the vacuum inlet tube and cold water to flow into the outlet piping. This valve will close when the temperature drops back down to 195 degrees. The hot water then flows through a check valve to the solution outlet at the front of the console.

HEAT TRANSFER SYSTEM (figure 6)


## 3 OPERATION

This chapter explains how to prepare, operate, shut down and daily maintain this unit. Operation of the PERFORMER CUB CARPET CLEANER is simple. However, only competent personnel who have had complete training should proceed.

CAUTION: This unit should NOT be operated inside a building or in any area where, in so doing, a violation of any Local, State, or Federal regulation(s) would be committed. It should only be operated in a well ventilated area because engine exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide.

## 1. WATER SUPPLY CONNECTION:

NOTE: If using a water supply hose which has not been used recently or if using a customer's hose, connect the hose to the faucet only and turn the water on to flush out any debris which may be in the hose. Do this before connecting the hose to console.
A. Connect the water supply hose to the water inlet connection.
B. Connect the other end of your water supply hose to the water supply faucet.
C. Turn the water supply faucet on. The water will fill the water tank.

## 2. HOSE CONNECTIONS:

A. Connect the pressure hose to the outlet connection at the front of the console and to the cleaning tool.
B. Connect the vacuum hose to the cleaning tool and to the vacuum inlet connection at the front of the console.
3. STARTING THE UNIT: (figure 8, page 15)
A. Turn the master switch on (the gas engine fuel pump will start operating).
B. Start your engine.

1. Puil the choke out.
2. Turn the ignition key to start.
C. After the engine is warmed up, push the choke in and turn the throttle counterclockwise. Then pull the throttle all the way out and turn it clockwise to lock it in the full throttle position. (This is the engine operating speed).

## 4. PRIMING THE WATER PUMP:

The water pump will prime itself when you start the engine. If the water pressure gauge reads 300 PSI when you open the cleaning wand, your pump is primed. If it does not, then refer to "LOSS OF WATER PUMP PRESSURE" in the troubleshooting section.

## 5. PRIMING THE CHEMICAL PUMP:

A. While your unit is running, place the chemical feed line and the chemical prime tubing into the chemical container. NOTE: In placing the chemical feed tubing into the chemical, make sure that it is fully submerged since the chemical pump will NOT function if air is allowed to enter the chemical feed tubing.
B. Turn the chemical valve on the front of the console to prime. This sets the chemical valve for priming. The chemical will then flow from the chemical container through the chemical feed tubing and back to the container through the chemical prime tube.

If the chemical does not flow:
a. Remove the chemical prime tubing from the chemical container.
b. Insert the prime tubing into the vacuum inlet at the front of the console. The vacuum will quickly pull the chemical from the chemical container.
c. When the chemical starts to flow, insert the chemical prime tube back into the chemical container.
C. Once continuous chemical flow without air bubbles has been achieved, turn the chemical valve on the front of the unit to "CHEMICAL" and open cleaning tool. Then adjust the chemical metering valve located on the front of the chemical flowmeter to achieve the desire flow. For most purposes the average chemical flow rate is approximately two gallons per hour.

## 6. WASTE PUMP:

If your unit is equipped with an automatic waste pump, connect one end of a garden hose to the pump-out connection on the console and the other end to an appropriate waste disposal. CAUTION: DO NOT dump waste in any area which, in so doing, would violate any local state or federal law.

## 7. CLEANING:

Once you have completed steps 1 through 6, proceed to put the unit to work cleaning as follows:
A. Before proceeding make sure the nozzle is functioning properly.

1. To check, hold the wand about one foot above the surface to be cleaned and open the wand valve. A full spray should be observed from the cleaning nozzle.
2. If the nozzle is not showing a full spray, clean or replace it.
B. Normally, chemical is applied on the push stroke of the wand when cleaning, and vacuuming is done on the pull stroke. For heavily soiled carpets the wand may be used in a scrubbing manner, applying chemical in both the push and pull strokes. Always finish up an area with a vacuum pull stroke.
C. When cleaning, keep the working opening (mouth) flat on the surface being cleaned. Keep the wand moving when the valve is open.
D. The unit will automatically shut down when the waste tank contains approximately 44 gallons. This will prevent water being sucked into the vacuum pump.

## 8. CLEANING SOLUTION HEAT:

Heat for the cleaning solution is provided by pumping the water through an extremely efficient heat exchanger connected to the cleaning unit engine exhaust. in cases of long period of no solution flow (wand closed) a fixed thermostat will open a solenoid to bleed, water only, into the waste tank. On units which are soequipped, an additional vacuum exhaust heat exchanger is provided to absorb heat from the vacuum pump exhaust.

## 9. FLOOD RESTORATION:

CAUTION: When doing flood restoration, attach the 36" convenience outlet hose to the solution outlet on the front of the console. Open the ball valve to release solution. This will prevent excessive heat in the water pumping system and allow the water box to fill, sending cool water into the water pump.

## 10. STOPPING THE UNIT (and DAILY MAINTENANCE):

A. Turn the chemical valve on the instrument panel to the "OFF" position.
B. At the end of each working day, allow the unit to run for 3 minutes with the vacuum hose disconnected in order to remove all moisture from the vacuum pump. Next, spray WD40 (or an equivalent) into the oil cup (on the front of the console) while the unit is running. This will lubricate the vacuum pump as well as protect the gears from rusting.
C. If the unit is so-equipped, turn the pump-out switch to the "OFF" position.
D. Return the engine throttle to the IDLE position by pushing the choke all the way in. Turn the ignition key to the "OFF" position.
E. Unhook the cleaning tool, vacuum hose, and pressure hose. Place them in their storage spaces inside the vehicle.
F. Turn the water supply faucet off. Bleed the pressure out of the water hose, unhook, and store the hose inside the vehicle.
G. Drain the waste tank. CAUTION: DO NOT dump waste in any area which, in so doing, would violate any local, state, or federal law. Open the waste tank drain valve and allow to drain.
H. Remove the strainer basket from the waste tank and clean out any accumulated debris. Re-install the strainer basket. Inspect the vacuum inlet filter in the waste tank. If there is any lint or debris, remove the filter and clean. When removing the filter, grip the plastic hexagonal section of the filter. Grasping the filter by the screen may collapse or ruin the filter. Re-install the filter, hand-tight.
I. Rinse out the waste $\tan$ with fresh water. A small amount of "DUO®" (dual-action deodorizer) may be added to the waste tank to inhibit the growth of bacteria.
J. Clean the unit, tools, hoses, van interior, etc., as needed. Inspect all equipment for any damage, wear, leaks, etc. Having a clean unit, which looks good cosmetically, provides a professional image to present customers and will attract future business as well.

## 11. FREEZING PROTECTION:

If the unit is exposed to freezing weather, the water in the unit can freeze and may do serious damage to the unit. To avoid this, the following is recommended during the cold weather season:
A. When the unit is not in use, always park it in a heated building.
B. If a heated building is not available, provide a thermostatically controlled electric heater inside the vehicle.
C. While in operation, avoid long shutdowns. Remember, the unit is providing heat while it is running. Shut it down just prior to leaving for the next job.

If a WINTERIZING KIT has been installed on the unit, proceed with the following instructions at the end of each working_day:

1. Make certain that the anti-freeze bottle has an adequate amount of anti-freeze in it.
2. While the unit is running, purge the system of water and cleaning solution, and fill with anti-freeze by positioning the lever on the valve (located above the water box lid) in the horizontal position.
3. Connect one end of the solution outlet hose to the solution outlet on the console. Place the other end, which has the stopper, in the vacuum inlet until anti-freeze appears in the solution outlet hose. Shut down the unit and remove the outlet hose.
4. At the beginning of the following work day, start the unit in a normal manner. Connect one end of the solution outlet hose to the solution outlet on the console. Place the other end of the hose, which has the stopper, in the anti freeze bottle.
5. Switch the lever on the valve (located above the water box lid) to the vertical position and pump anti-freeze into the bottle until the outlet hose appears clear.
6. Remove the outlet hose and shut down the unit.

## 4 GENERAL SERVICE ADJUSTMENTS:

## 1. PRESSURE REGULATOR:

The pressure regulator serves only to hold locked up water pressure at a preset point and to bypass this water back to the open tank. Adjust as follows:
A. With your unit running, close the cleaning tool.
B. Loosen lock nut, turn the adjusting nut until you reach the desired pressure. The normal factory setting is 350 PSI ( 50 PSI above the operating pressure).

## 2. ENGINE SPEED:

To adjust the engine RPM, refer to the "Engine Operation and Service Manual" for instructions. CAUTION: DO NOT attempt to adjust without a tachometer and NEVER adjust the engine above 3000 RPM.

## 3. FLOAT VALVE:

As the water supply pressure will vary, it may be necessary to adjust the float in the water tank to either increase or decrease the water tank level. To accomplish this, remove the water tank cover and loosen the thumb nut on the valve, acjust the float, then tighten the thumb nut and replace the cover.

## 4. VACUUM RELIEF VALVE:

While the unit is running at full RPM, block the air flow at the vacuum inlet connection and adjust the tension on the relief valve until it opens at 14 inches of mercury.

## 5 MAINTENANCE

To assure that your PERFORMER CUB CARPET CLEANER has a maximum life with a minimum of down time, we strongly advise that a PLANNED PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE PROGRAM be initiated.

1. GASOLINE ENGINE: CAUTION: Major engine repairs should not be attempted unless you have the proper tools and a THOROUGH knowledge of internal combustion engines.
A. Check the engine oil level before starting and after every five (5) hours of operation. BE SURE OIL LEVEL IS MAINTAINED. NEVER over fill.
B. Change the crankcase oil after the first eight (8) hours of operation. Thereafter, change oil every twenty-five (25) hours of operation. NOTE: Refer to the Engine Operation and Service Manual for type and grade of oil.
C. Change oil filter every 50 hours of operation.
D. Replace the paper cartridge filter in the air cleaner yearly or every 100 hours. Service the pre-cleaner every 3 months or 25 hours (refer to Engine Operation and Service Manual).
E. Make sure that the cooling system is kept clean, clean yearly or every 100 hours. (Refer to Engine Operation and Service Manual).
F. Clean and reset gap on spark plugs every 100 hours. NOTE: Never sandblast spark plugs. Spark plugs should be cleaned by scraping or wire brushing.
G. Replace in-line gas filter yearly.

NOTE; For additional engine service information, order \# 272144 "Vanguard Service and Repair Instructions" from any authorized Briggs and Stratton Service Center. If service or repair is required, contact an authorized Briggs and Stratton Service Center. You will need model, type, and code number on the engine.
2. VACUUM PUMP: Refer to Vacuum Pump Operation and Service Manual for specific instructions.
A. Check the oil level daily to assure the proper level. PROPER LEVEL cannot be overemphasized. Too little oil will ruin bearings and gears. Too much oil will cause overheating.
B. Drain, flush and replace oil every 1500 hours or more frequently if inspection so indicates.
C. The bearing on the puiley end of the vacuum pump requires grease lubrication every 500 hours.
D. To prevent rust from building up inside the vacuum pump (if moisture exists) we have provided a lubrication cup on the front of the unit. Fill this cup with WD40 or a similar lubricant while the unit is running and the vacuum inlet is sealed. Do this at the end of each working day.
3. WATER PUMP: Refer to the Water Pump Operation and Service Manual for specific instructions.
A. Check the oil level daily to assure the proper level.
B. After the first 500 hours, drain and refill the crankcase oil with 30 weight non-detergent oil.
4. DRIVE BELTS: The drive belts should be inspected daily. Check for loose belts, frayed belts, and mis-alignment. Correct any of these conditions.
5. VACUUM TANK FILTER: The vacuum filter should be removed and cleaned DAILY. If this is done, the filter will last for a long period of time. Replace this filter at least once a year.
6. BATTERY: Check the fluid level in the battery once a week. If low, fill to the proper level with distilled water.
7. HEAT EXCHANGER: Proper and consistent heat exchange is a product of a well maintained engine. If an engine is not properly maintained the exhaust gases will deposit carbon on the outside of the heat exchanger coil and continuous running will affect the cleaning solution temperature. If this condition exists, remove the heat exchanger from the unit and clean the carbon off the coil. Using A212 ULTRACLEAN INDUSTRIAL CLEANER will greatly enhance the removal of carbon deposits. Plug one end of the heat exchanger and fill the heat exchanger with a mixture of one part of A212 to four parts of warm water. Allow one hour of soaking, then drain and rinse with hot water. If necessary, repeat.
8. PRESSURE REGULATOR: Grease should be applied to the piston o-ring inside the regulator at least once a month to prevent sticking.

## 6 COMPONENT REPAIR:

The following general instructions are for the repair of various components. ONLY FULLY TRAINED personnel should repair components.

## 1. VACUUM PUMP:

Refer to the Vacuum Pump Operation and Service Manual.
2. GASOLINE ENGINE:

Refer to the Engine Operation and Service Manual. If more detail is needed, you should procure a 272144 Service and Repair Book from a local authorized Briggs and Stratton Service Center.

## 3. WATER PUMP:

Refer to Water Pump Operation and Service Manual.

## 7 TROUBLESHOOTING

Before proceeding, you can save time by checking:
A. That the engine speed is 3000 RPM with the throttle pulled all the way out.
B. That the water supply is turned on.
C. That the pump volume is correct. Check pump volume with your cleaning tool closed. Measure the water flow going back to the water tank from the pressure regulator. You should fill a gallon container in 30 seconds.

## SPECIFIC PROBLEMS:

1. LOSS OF WATER PUMP PRESSURE: With the cleaning tool open, the water pressure gauge reads below the normal operating pressure.

| PROBABLE CAUSES | CORRECTIVE ACTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| Water supply is turned off, or the float <br> valve is improperly adjusted or stuck. | Turn the water supply on or up. Check <br> for kinks in the water supply hose. <br> Examine the float valve and adjust or <br> replace. One gallon of water level <br> should be maintained in the water box. |
| Water suction line plugged or sucking air. | Examine the water inlet filter inside <br> the water box. Remove any excessive <br> debris and replace, if required. Check <br> for suction leaks and loose clamps or <br> fittings. Tighten any loose fittings or <br> clamps. Replace any ruptured hose. |
| Water pressure regulator dirty, stuck <br> open, improperly adjusted, has worn <br> seals, or is not seated properly. | Clean or repair water pressure regulator <br> and adjust to 50 PSI above working <br> pressure. If necessary, replace. |
| Improper engine speed. | Re-adjust engine speed to 3000 RPM. |
| See Briggs and Stratton Operation and |  |


| PROBABLE CAUSES | CORRECTIVE ACTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| Low pump volume (check pump volume by <br> closing the cleaning tool and measuring <br> the amount of water being returned to the <br> water tank by the pressure regulator. <br> It should fill a gallon container in <br> 30 seconds). | Examine the check valve assemblies in <br> the water pump. Clean out or replace. <br> (Refer to Pump Operation and Service <br> Manual.) |
| Defective pressure gauge. | Replace gauge. |
| Orifice in cleaning tool worn or wrong. | Replace orifice. |
| Bleed solenoid stuck open or defective. | Clean seat in solenoid valve. Replace <br> solenoid. |

2. LOSS OF WATER PUMP VOLUME: With the cleaning tool open, a reduction in water volume through the tool. Pressure gauge reads normal.

| PROBABLE CAUSES | CORRECTIVE ACTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| Plugged orifice in the cleaning tool. | Unplug orifice. |
| Cleaning tool valve is malfunctioning. | Repair or replace valve. |
| Defective quick-connect. | Replace defective quick-connect on high <br> pressure hose. |
| "Y" strainer on unit plugged. | Clean or replace the strainer screen. |
| Outlet check valve is dirty, improperly <br> seated, or the cage is improperly <br> installed. | Examine the check valve and remove <br> any debris. Inspect for complete seating. <br> Repair or replace. |

3. LOSS OF VACUUM: While doing normal carpet cleaning, the vacuum is not up to par.

| PROBABLE CAUSES | CORRECTIVE ACTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| Hole in vacuum hose. | Repair or replace hose. |
| Vacuum relief valve sucking in air. | Re-adjust or replace vacuum diaphragm. |
| Gasket on waste tank faulty. | Replace gasket. |
| Plugged vacuum line. | Unplug or repair vacuum line. |
| Bad waste tank drain valve causing | Replace drain valve. |
| a suction leak. | Ciean or replace filter. |
| Dirty filter in waste tank. | Tighten drive belt. |
| Loose vacuum pump drive belt. | Re-adjust engine speed to 3000 RPM. |
| Improper (slow) engine speed. | Replace muffler. |
| Plugged vacuum muffler. | Replace vacuum pump. |
| Vacuum pump worn out. |  |

4. LOSS OF CHEMICAL: With the cleaning tool valve open, no chemical.

| PROBABLE CAUSES | CORRECTIVE ACTION |
| :---: | :---: |
| Chemical pump is improperly primed. | Prime chemical pump. Reier to "Priming Chemical Pump" |
| The strainer at the end of the chemical inlet tube is clogged. | Unclog the strainer or if damaged, replace. |
| Suction leak (air is being sucked into the line somewhere between the chemical container and the inlet chemical check valve). | Tighten hose clamps. Replace suction hose. Replace O-rings in chemical flowmeter and metering valve. |


| PROBABLE CAUSES | CORRECTIVE ACTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inlet or outlet chemical check valve is <br> clogged, had damaged o-rings or is broken. | Remove any debris. Replace damaged <br> o-ring(s) and repair or replace valve(s). |
| Chemical selector valve bad. | Replace. |
| Chemical pump diaphragm ruptured. | Replace. |
| Defective cylinder in the water pump. | Measure the pump volume. If volume is <br> less than normal, refer to the "Loss of <br> Pump Volume" section of this manual. |

5. ENGINE WILL NOT START: During the normal start-up, the engine will either not start or will not turn over.

| PROBABLE CAUSES | CORRECTIVE ACTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| Circuit breaker tripped on hot line <br> to the master switch. | Reset circuit breaker. |
| Waste tank is full. | Empty the waste tank. |
| Defective key switch. | Replace switch. |
| Defective starter solenoid. | Replace starter solenoid. |
| Defective gas engine fuel pump. | Replace fuel pump. |
| Vacuum pump frozen (If the pump impellers | Free the vacuum pump. Refer to Vacuum <br> are rusted, then the engine will stall). |
| Pump Operation and Service Manual. |  |
| Dead battery. | Recharge or replace battery. |
| Malfunction of the gasoline engine. | Repair engine.Refer to Engine <br> Operation and Service Manual. |

6. ENGINE STOPS RUNNING: While doing normal carpet cleaning, the engine stops running.

| PROBABLE CAUSES | CORRECTIVE ACTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| Loss of oil pressure. | Check oil level, oil filter and oil pressure <br> switch. |
| Waste tank full or defective float switch. | Drain waste tank or replace float switch. |
| Malfunction of the gasoline engine. | Repair engine.Refer to Engine <br> Operation and Service Manual. |

7. LOW WATER TEMPERATURE: In all operating conditions the water temperature is constantly low.

| PROBABLE CAUSES | CORRECTIVE ACTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| Water supply temperature low due to <br> cold ambient conditions. | Provide unit with warm water. Do not <br> exceed $180^{\circ}(\mathrm{F})$. |
| Bleed solenoid stuck open or defective. | Clean seat in solenoid valve Solenoid. <br> Replace solenoid. |
| Temperature control defective. | Replace temperature control. |
| Cleaning tool orifice too large. | Replace orifice. |
| Pump pressure regulator set too high. | Reset pressure regulator. Refer to <br> "General Service Adjustments". |

## 8. CHEMICAL FLOWMETER INDICATES FLOW WITH THE CLEANING TOOL VALVE CLOSED:

| PROBABLE CAUSES | CORRECTIVE ACTION |
| :---: | :--- |
| Chemical pump diaphragm is ruptured. | Close the chemical valve on the <br> instrument panel. If the flowmeter still <br> indicates flow, examine the water which <br> is bypassing from the pressure regulator <br> to the water tank. If there is chemical in <br> this water, replace the chemical pump <br> diaphragm. |

9. AUTOMATIC WASTE PUMP IS MALFUNCTIONING OR NOT OPERATING: (for units equipped with an automatic waste pump).

| PROBABLE CAUSES | CORRECTIVE ACTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pump out circuit breaker on the control <br> panel has been tripped. | After inspecting the waste pump to <br> determine the cause of the tripped circuit <br> breaker, press the reset button. (Check <br> for debris clogging the impelier inside the <br> waste pump head). |
| Broken seal in the pump. | If the pump volume output is less than <br> normal, replace the worn-out seal. |
| Pump impeller is damaged. | If the pump volume output is less than <br> normal, replace the pump impeller. |
| Broken wiring leading to the waste pump. | Check for voltage at the pump. If no <br> voltage, find the broken connection and <br> repair. |








VACUUM PARTS LISTING
41-905012 VACUUM PUMP 8-8008519 VACUUM GAUG

$\qquad$ CLAMP FILTE
LUG,
WASTE WAST FITING -000054
$4-806509$
$1-800101$

$1-950472$ | 1 |
| :---: |
| $15 \div$ |






CHEMICAL PARTS LISTING
12-800142 ELL, 1/8FP $\times 1 / 4 \mathrm{~T}$
15-808030 CHEMICAL CHECK VALVE
11-800014 ST. ELBOW, 1/8
41-809044 CHEMICAL PUMP
11-800112 ST. ELBOW, 1/8 45 DEG
$12-800098$ BARB FITTING, $1 / 8 \mathrm{FP} \times 5 / 16 \mathrm{H}$
03-000065 HOSE CLAMP
11-800029 HEX NIPPLE, $1 / 4$
09-805309 HOSE, 3/8 $\times 30$
14-806506 END STRAINER
12-800093 BARB FITTING, $1 / 8 \mathrm{P} \times 5 / 16 \mathrm{H}$
09-805099 VINYL TUBING, 5/16 X 40
10-805142 SST HOSE, 3/16 X 29
09-805099 VINYL TUBING, 5/16 $\times 40$
12-800040 ELL, 1/8P X 1/4T
15-808022 CHEMICAL VALVE
12-800261 ELL, 1/8P X $1 / 4$ T 45 DEG
10-805131 SST HOSE, $3 / 16 \times 20-1 / 2$
18-808522 FLOWMETER
12-800208 BARB FITTING, $1 / 8 \mathrm{P} \times 3 / 8 \mathrm{H}$


ENGINE PARTS LISTING

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42-920170 PREFILTER, AIR CLEANER 18
42-902171 FILTER, AIR CLEANER 19
49-802518 CHOKE CABLE 20
42-902174 GASKET, EXH MANIFOLD 21
42-902169 SPARK PLUG
56-501630 GUARD, BELT
35-900169 OIL PRESSURE SWITCH
44-802202 HUB, P1 X 1
42-902158 OIL FILTER
44-802203 SHEAVE, 4P3V36
56-501613 EXHAUST TUBE
61-950458 ENGINE
00-000167 SCREW, 1/4-20 X 6
64-950456 GROUND CABLE, 14"
36-900056 BATTERY
56-501571 HOLDER, BATTERY
47-700007 HEAT SHIELD, BATTERY
56-500188 HOLD-DOWN, BATTERY
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10-805291 HOSE, OIL DRAIN 12-800062 PLUG, OIL DRAIN 64-950456 BATTERY CABLE, 14" 64-950434 BATTERY CABLE, 27"
35-901002 STARTER SOLENOID
42-902176 STARTER MOTOR
54-500412 KEY
42-902168 GASKET, VALVE COVER
49-802505 THROTTLE CABLE
42-902172 FUEL FILTER
NOT SHOWN
42-902175 MAGNETO ARMATURE, ENG 42-902173 SOLENOID, ENGINE


| 1 | $18-808506$ GAUGE, WATER PRESS. | 12 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | $18-808519$ GAUGE, VACUUM | 13 |
| 3 | $33-900168$ TERMINAL BOARD | 14 |
| 4 | $34-900039$ LIGHT, RED | 15 |
| 5 | $33-900164$ CIRCUIT BRKER, 7.5 AMP | 16 |
| $5 A$ | $33-900162$ PLATE, RESET | 17 |
| 6 | $49-802518$ CHOKE, CABLE | 18 |
| 7 | $34-900094$ LIGHT, GREEN | 19 |
| 8 | $49-802505$ THROTTLE CABLE | 20 |
| 9 | $33-900163$ CIRCUIT BRKER, 20 AMP | 21 |
| $9 A$ | $33-900162$ PLATE, RESET, | 22 |
| 10 | $32-900174$ IGNITION SWITCH | 23 |
| 11 | $09-805303$ HOSE, $1 / 4 \times 14-1 / 2$ | 24 |

12-800041 BARB FITTING, 1/8P X 1/4H
41-809003 ELECTRIC FUEL PUMP
12-800040 ELL, 1/8P X 1/4T
13-806008 DISCONNECT, 3/8F
13-806001 DISCONNECT, 1/4F 19-800075 LUBRICATION CUP 11-800359 ELBOW, 1-1/2, 45 DEG 50-501601 PL, COND. OPER. INSTRUCT. 03-000065 HOSE CLAMP 50-501606 CONTROL PANEL 34-903000 HOURMETER
15-808022 CHEMICAL VALVE 18-808522 FLOWMETER




| 61-950472 WASTE PUMP |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 42-809187 COVER |
| 2 | 42-809188 GASKET |
| 3 | 42-809189 IMPELLER |
| 4 | 42-809190 SEAL ASSY |
| 5 | 42-809191 BODY |
| 6 | 42-809175 SLINGER |
| 7 | 42-809192 MOTOR |
| 8 | 42-809193 HEAD ASSEMBLY |



15-808049 1/2" CHECK VALVE


## 60-950414 SINGLE JET WAND ASSY

| 1 | $17-803012$ SPRAY TIP, 11003 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | $10-805253$ SST HOSE, $3 / 16 \times 49$ | 11 |
| 3 | $56-501469$ WAND BODY | 12 |
| 4 | $04-000053$ CABLE TIE | 13 |
| 5 | $52-501576$ HANDLE BODY | 14 |
| 6 | $52-501577$ HANDLE HOLD DOWN | 15 |
| 7 | $00-000011$ SCREW, $10-32 \times 3 / 4$ | 16 |
| $7 A$ | $01-000019$ LOCKNUT, $10-32$ | 17 |
| 8 | $00-000068$ SCREW, $10-32 \times 1-1 / 4$ | 18 |
| 8A | $01-000019$ LOCKNUT, $10-32$ | 19 |
| 9 | $11-800027$ ST. ELBOW, $1 / 445$ DEG | 20 |

11-800029 HEX NIPPLE, $1 / 4$
52-501530 GRIP ADAPTOR
56-500128 LEVER
13-806000 DISCONNECT, $1 / 4 \mathrm{M}$
43-810001 O-RING, VALVE
16-808158 STEM, VALVE
$16-808114$ CAP, VALVE
66-808113 REPAIR KIT, VALVE
15-808005 VALVE
12-800060 CONNECTOR, $1 / 4 \mathrm{P} \quad 1 / 4 \mathrm{~T}$
$00-000282$ SCREW, $1 / 4-20 \times 1-1 / 4$


| 60-950415 DUAL JET WAND ASSY |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 17-803002 SPRAY TIP, 9502 SS | 11A | 01-000019 LOCKNUT, 10-32 |
| 2 | 11-800101 PLUG, 1/8 | 12 | 11-800027 ST ELBOW, 1/4 45 DEG |
| 3 | 52-500160 MANIFOLD | 13 | 56-500128 LEVER |
| 4 | 00-000042 SCREW, 10-32 $\times 1{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 14 | 11-800029 HEX NIPPLE, 1/4 |
| 4A | 01-000019 LOCKNUT, 10-32 | 15 | 13-806000 DISCONNECT, 1/4M |
| 5 | 04-000053 CABLE TIE | 16 | 43-810001 O-RING, VALVE |
| 6 | 10-805063 SST HOSE, 3/16 $\times 48-1 / 2$ | 17 | 16-808158 STEM, VALVE |
| 7 | 56-500161 WAND BODY | 18 | 16-808114 CAP, VALVE |
| 8 | 52-501568 HANDLE BODY | 19 | 66-808113 REPAIR KIT, VALVE |
| 9 | 52-501569 HANDLE HOLD-DOWN | 20 | 15-808005 VALVE |
| 10 | 00-000011 SCREW, 10-32 $\times 3 / 4$ | 21 | 12-800060 CONNECTOR, 1/4P $\times 1 / 4 \mathrm{~T}$ |
| 10A | 01-000019 LOCKNUT, 10-32 | 22 | 00-000282 SCREW, 1/4-20 $\times 1-1 / 4$ |
| 11 | 00-000068 SCREW, $10-32 \times 1-1 / 4$ |  |  |



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12-800078 CONNECTOR
08-805147 CUFF 16
03-000065 HOSE CLAMP
10-805060 VAC HOSE, 50' W/CUFFS 17
10-805108 HOSE ASSY, 50' WNALVE
13-806001 DISCONNECT, 1/4F
11-800029 HEX NIPPLE, 1/4
15-808012 BALL VALVE
13-806000 DISCONNECT, 1/4M
10-805077 HOSE ASSY, 1/4 X 50' }2
    WITHOUT DISCONNECTS
    13-806009 DISCONNECT, 3/8M
    11-800354 HEX NIPPLE, 1/2 X 3/8
46 12 10-805157 HOSE, 1/2 X 50'
13 10-805295 HOSE ASSY, 1/2 X 50'
14 09-805270 RAW HOSE, 3/8 X 36
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